## CLAIMS

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- 1. A method of producing a graded refractive index optical element comprising applying a paste containing a copper compound, an organic resin and an organic solvent to a glass substrate containing an alkali metal component as a glass component and then performing heat treatment at a temperature below the softening temperature of the glass substrate.
- The method according to claim 1 wherein the graded
  refractive index optical element is a lens, lens array or diffraction grating.
  - 3. The method according to claim 1 wherein the glass substrate is made of a glass containing at least 2% by weight of alkali metal, calculated on an oxide basis, the glass being a silicate glass, borosilicate glass, phosphate glass, or fluorophosphate glass.
  - 4. The method according to claim 3 wherein the glass substrate is a borosilicate glass substrate containing 40 to 82% by weight of  $SiO_2$ , 12 to 50% by weight of  $B_2O_3$ , 2 to 25% by weight of at least one member selected from  $Na_2O$ ,  $K_2O$ ,  $Li_2O$ ,  $Rb_2O$  and  $Cs_2O$ ; not more than 25% by weight of at least one member selected from MgO, CaO, BaO, ZnO, SrO and PbO; not more than 20% by weight of at least one member selected from  $Al_2O_3$ ,  $La_2O_3$ ,  $Y_2O_3$ ,  $Ta_2O_3$  and  $Cd_2O_3$ ; not more than 10% by weight of at least one member selected from  $Rl_2O_3$  and  $Rl_2O_3$  and
  - 5. A graded refractive index optical element produced by the method of any one of claims 1 to 4.
- 6. The graded refractive index optical element according to claim 5 which is a lens, lens array or diffraction grating.